

The Emporia News.

P. B. PLUMB, DUDLEY RANDALL, EDITORS.

EMPORIA, KANSAS:

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1859.

TERRITORIAL ELECTION.
Tuesday, November 8.

For Delegate to Congress.

MARCUS J. PARROTT.

For Councilman, 7th District.

CHESTER THOMAS, Sen., of Shawnee County.

STATE ELECTION.
Tuesday, December 6.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

Representative to Congress.

MARTIN F. CONWAY.

Governor.

CHARLES ROBINSON.

Lieutenant Governor.

J. P. ROOT.

Secretary of State.

JOHN W. ROBINSON.

Auditor.

GEORGE S. HILLYER.

Treasurer.

WILLIAM THOLEN.

Attorney General.

B. F. SIMPSON.

Superintendent of Public Instruction.

W. R. GRIFFITH.

Supreme Judge.

THOMAS EWING, Jr.,—6 years.

S. A. KINGMAN—4 years.

L. D. BAILEY—2 years.

District Ticket.

For Judge 5th Judicial District.

O. E. LEARNARD.

For State Senators, 12th District.

E. P. BANCROFT.

J. W. KERR.

For Representatives, 12th District.

O. H. SHELTON.

B. WHEAT.

R. W. SANDERS.

G. A. CUTLER.

R. W. CLOUD.

G. H. REES.

All persons having business of a personal or private character with Mr. P. B. Plumb, senior editor of THE NEWS, will please address him at Cleveland, Ohio, until further notice. All letters on business with the office to be addressed to Dudley Randall & Co., publishers, Emporia.

The Nominees for Senators and Representatives.

We published last week the proceedings of the Republican Convention at Ottumwa. We now hoist the ticket, with a few remarks with regard to the candidates. Dr. J. W. Kerr, of Coffey county, one of the candidates for Senator, is one of the true men of Kansas—active, earnest, capable and honest. He is a strong man, well known in the district, and respected wherever known. He will make a first class legislator.

Dr. E. P. Bancroft, of Breckenridge, the other nominee for Senator, is all will admit, one of the most capable men, as well as one of the truest Republicans in our country, or in Southern Kansas; and as such will, we are sure, receive every vote cast for the ticket.

R. W. Sanders and B. Wheat are the nominees for Representatives from Coffey. Judge Sanders is a well known and tried Republican, an able man, possessed of a clear, logical mind, of good address, and will be known in the Legislature as an active member. Mr. Wheat, as his name implies, we believe, a farmer; and the B. does not stand for bad Wheat, or blasted Wheat, or even buck Wheat, but for the very best Wheat. He will bring to the duties of the office to which he will be elected, a large fund of experience, collected during a long and active life.

Of the nominees for Representatives from this county, G. H. Rees, R. W. Cloud and G. A. Cutler, we need say but little. They are well known in this county, and respected for their sterling virtues, and their upright, honorable character as citizens. The ticket, as a whole is a good one, and should receive the hearty support of the party, and of all good citizens who wish to see the law making power in the hands of faithful, capable men, and not controlled by political tricksters and charlatans. Republicans, do your duty and elect this ticket by an overwhelming majority.

A Great Meeting at Burlingame.

Hon. Anson Burlingame, of Mass., visited his namesake above us on Friday last week, where he was greeted with "open hearts and extended hands" by an assemblage of nearly four hundred persons, whom he addressed for nearly three hours, in the evening. Mr. A. G. Procter, of this place, who was present, says it was one of the most eloquent and impressive speeches he ever heard. Its effect was wonderful—all magical; at times the audience were hushed to noiselessness in the desire to catch each falling word, and then again loud and uncontrollable in their shouts of enthusiasm. Judge Schuyler was chairman of the meeting, and received from his old friend a withering rebuke for his inconstancy to the true principles of former faith.

At the close of the meeting every man, woman and child present, was introduced to Mr. B., and each received his warmest congratulations and a cordial shake of the hand.

The Emporia News.

VOL. 3—No. 12.

EMPORIA, KANSAS, OCTOBER 29, 1859.

WHOLE No. 116.

More about the County Nominations.

The Americus Sentinel, of last Monday, exercises itself very severely over the move which has been made to change the county ticket nominated at Americus on the 11th instant. It ignores the true and only cause of this "bolt," which is that the whole ticket is not Republican. It says, "whether this be so or not, we do not know, nor do we care." There is where the *Sentinel* and we differ. We do care, for we are Republicans, and the News is Republican. The *Sentinel* is not, and its editor is a Democrat; therefore he is hostile to the move because Republicans alone are concerned in it. But that is not the worst. The charge of "sectionalism" in this matter—that it is a move of the south side of the river against the north, is as ridiculous as it is untrue. The instigators of this call many of them live north of the Neosho, and they were the ones who took the most prominent part in issuing the call for a new convention. In doing so, too we have no belief that such an idea was thought of—either by those north or south of the river. If a "war of sides" has been or is to be inaugurated, it is the *Sentinel's* fault with a few individuals around it, and will be an east and west one as well as north and south.

The Sac and Fox Lands—Warning to Squatters.

We have recently been informed, on good authority, that all persons "squating" or making improvements on the Sac and Fox Indian lands, or any part thereof, will be promptly prosecuted as trespassers. The penalty for trespassing on these lands is a fine of from five hundred to one thousand dollars. A treaty has been made with the Indians, but until its ratification by the U. S. Senate, has no effect whatever, and its terms remain a secret. Therefore the lands are yet in the same condition as though no treaty had been made, and all statements as to the terms of the treaty are the merest conjecture.

We are informed by Mr. Perry Fuller,

the agent of the Sacs and Foxes, that as soon as the treaty shall have been ratified by the U. S. Senate, which will probably be in the early part of the session of the coming winter, he will have it published in the different papers of the Territory for the information of the public.

We give this information publicly for

the purpose of putting the settlers on their guard—that they may know the true position of affairs and govern themselves accordingly. We hope soon to see this large and fertile Indian reservation opened to settlement, and Mr. Fuller assures us that in his efforts—which have been successful—to secure a treaty between the Government and the Indians, he has been actuated only by a desire to give to actual settlers a chance to obtain these lands, and thus advance the general good. When the terms of the treaty are made known there will be an opportunity to judge of this matter.

J. M. Winchell.

The Senatorial and Representative District Convention, held at Ottumwa last week, passed, without a dissenting voice, a resolution instructing their nominees to use all honorable means to secure the election of J. M. Winchell to the U. S. Senate.

Whether, at this early day, any prediction can be formed as to the success of either of the three or four most prominent aspirants for the two highest gifts of the new State, the fact cannot be denied that Mr. Winchell occupies the most favorable position of any man in Southern Kansas. He has the ability, the integrity and the experience that has been acquired by self-effort and honest purpose, without the aid of providential events or assisting circumstances. For five years a resident of Kansas, and throughout that time a zealous worker and true patriot, he is everywhere well known, and no less popular than he is deserving.

O. E. Learnard.

We place the name of this gentleman upon the ticket this week, as the nominee of the Republicans for Judge of the Fifth Judicial District, under the Wyandotte Constitution. Mr. Learnard is a young man of fair abilities, and a graduate of the Albany, N. Y., Law College. He has been a resident of Kansas for the last four or five years, and took a prominent part in her struggles for freedom. He was a member of the last Territorial Council, and in that important position always acquitted himself with honor and credit. If elected he will make a good Judge.

S. A. Fairchild.

We are glad to learn that this gentleman has been nominated for the honorable and responsible office of Probate Judge by the Republicans of Shawnee county. Mr. F. is a genuine Republican—no better anywhere—and a man well worthy the confidence and suffrage of the people of Shawnee county. His election is, of course, certain.

Gen. John Calhoun, Ex-Surveyor General

of Kansas and Nebraska, long known among his political opponents as "Candle Box Calhoun," died in St. Joseph on the 13th inst. He was buried on the 14th.

The Democratic State Convention and its Nominees.

The Convention of the Democratic party of Kansas, called to take into consideration the welfare of the Democracy, and, "if deemed expedient," to nominate candidates for the State offices under the Wyandotte Constitution, and delegates to the Charleston Convention next year, assembled at Lawrence, on Tuesday last, the 25th inst.

Mr. G. H. Fairchild, of Atchison, was chosen the permanent President, and P. B. Ayers, of Linn, Secretary.

Two sets of delegates presented themselves from Wyandotte county—both claiming to be regularly elected—one headed by the defunct mail agent, E. R. Smith, and the other representing the interests of Buchanan's Attorney General, A. C. Davis. The Committee on Credentials reported in favor of the Buchanan & Davis delegates, and the report was adopted. They also reported that where counties were unrepresented in the Convention, the delegates from the adjoining counties should be allowed to cast the votes of those unrepresented counties—which was also adopted. This rule was afterwards varied to meet the exigencies of the case, so that the vote of unrepresented counties was cast by any person who sided with the dominant party in the Convention.

There were forty counties provided for

in the call of the committee, and of this number but seventeen were legally represented in the Convention—the votes of all but two of the balance being cast by outsiders without credentials, and who had never even seen the counties for which they were voting. We give a few instances of "how the thing worked." P. T. Colby, Buchanan's U. S. Marshal, who lives in Wyandotte county, cast the vote of Nemaha county, at least one hundred miles distant from his place of residence. W. H. Petrikin, an *attache* of the Leecompton Land office, cast the three votes of Jackson county. C. W. Blair, Gov. Medary's son-in-law, and a resident of Fort Scott, cast the vote of Allen, Dorn, McGee, Wilson, Madison, and Woodson counties. T. M. Williams, a notorious sot of Fort Scott, cast the vote of Anderson county. W. W. Herbert, of Junction City—brother of the P. T. Herbert who shot the Irish waiter at Washington a few years since—cast the votes of Clay, Davis, Dickinson and Wauabonsee counties. J. E. Jones, of Fort Scott, and Wm. Gambrel, of Leavenworth, cast the votes of Marshall and Washington counties. A. G. Otis, of Atchison, cast the vote of Brown county. Mr. Bailey, of Leecompton, cast the four votes of Jefferson county. Mr. Ratliff, of Council Grove, cast the votes of Chase and Butler. Mr. Jones, of Coffey, cast the votes of Oange and Breckenridge. And in this way twenty-one counties of the Territory were represented in the Convention! Of course with such a "make-up" the Convention could be nothing but a farce.

The first business done was to resolve

not to send delegates to the Democratic Convention to be held at Charleston next year, on the ground that this would commit the Democratic party of Kansas to sanction her admittance into the Union under the Wyandotte Constitution, which shows unmistakably that the Administration Democracy intend to oppose our admittance into the Union the coming winter. The next thing was to re-affirm the Tecumseh platform. Nominations for the State offices were then in order.

Gov. Medary, H. B. Denman, of Leavenworth, and C. K. Holliday, of Topeka, were the candidates for Governor. The result showed that doughfaceism was decidedly at a discount, and that none but straight-outers could receive important nominations. Medary received 43 votes; Denman, 28; Holliday, TEN! Holliday had to yield to his masters, and Medary was declared nominated. The Governor attempted to make a speech about his nomination, but only got so far as to declare that he had made peace in Kansas when all others had failed, when he broke down and quit in the midst of three faint cheers for the "next Governor of Kansas!" Facetious fellows, those Democrats!

Col. John P. Slough, of Leavenworth,

was then nominated by acclamation for Lieutenant Governor. Slough is the individual who was once expelled from the Ohio Legislature for conduct "unbecoming a gentleman." We are of the opinion that this fact will operate so much against Slough in the present canvass that he will fail of election!

Judge Williams, of Fort Scott, was then

nominated for Chief Justice, over G. W. Purkins, of Leavenworth, by a majority of seventeen. Williams is one of Buchanan's Judges, for the Territory, and has always "come to time" remarkably quick at the behests of the Pro-slavery party. He is acknowledged by "all hands" to be an excellent judge of whisky—that is while sober, which is seldom. Goodin (Joel K.) wanted Pettit and Elmore nominated for the other places on the bench, "to show," as he expressed it, "the fact that the people of

Kansas endorsed the wisdom of Mr. Buchanan

in appointing them to the offices they now held." But it being understood that both these men would decline the very doubtful honor, it was not done. After dithering around awhile and coming very near nominating a "toddler" of Topeka for the second place on the Supreme Bench, the further nomination for Judges was laid over until after the other nominations should have been made.

The nomination for Representative to

Congress was next in order, and a balloting was had which resulted in the nomination of J. A. Halderman by one majority over R. B. Mitchell, of Linn county, and R. S. Stevens, of Leecompton—Mr. Mitchell being the principal competitor. Mitchell had the "inside track" before the assembling of the convention, until it began to be whispered about among the faithful that while he (Mitchell) was a member of the Territorial Legislature he had voted for the abolition of slavery in Kansas. Then you might have seen the old Border Ruffians dodging around to "get the papers" to fix this damnable curse upon him. They succeeded and he was slaughtered. The Democracy want somebody in Congress who will go with Jeff. Davis and the other Pro-slavery free-lancers. Halderman is the very man for them. He is better known as "Kickapoo Halderman," having tried to get into the third Territorial Legislature through the means of the monstrous frauds perpetrated at Kickapoo; and we are afraid that it will "operate against him" somewhat, perhaps even to defeat him!

O. Thurston, of Allen county, was then

nominated for Attorney General, over W. D. Wood, of Doniphan, and G. W. Miller, of Lykins. Mr. Thurston is said to be a Democrat who "never has changed and never will change," which we think likely, and which is also all we know about him.

Goodin (Minneola K.) was then nominated

for Auditor over Mr. Deming, of Marshall. Our readers know something about Goodin that isn't especially in his favor, but we hope that they will forget as much of it as possible, in view of the awful calamity that is about to overtake him. We will air him separately in our columns, at the first good opportunity.

Mr. R. L. Pease, of Atchison county, received

the nomination for Treasurer, over Mr. J. C. Jones, of Fort Scott.

Mr. A. P. Walker, of Leecompton, was then

nominated for Secretary of State, over Mr. Giffin, of Johnson county. Mr. Walker has always been a consistent Pro-slavery man, young, of fair talents, and able to bear his share of the expense of the campaign, having enjoyed a good chance at the "droppings of the Leecompton Land office sanctuary."

J. S. McGill, of Marshall, was then nominated

by acclamation for Superintendent of Public Instruction. We "know nothing" of the man whatever, but judging from the "fitness" displayed in the other nominations doubt not that he is pre-eminently qualified to fill the post to which he will be elected!

Then Sam'l A. Stinson, of Leavenworth,

was nominated for Associate Justice (four years term) over H. Miles Moore, of the same place—the individual who, in the "times that tried men's souls," "drove three hundred hell-hounds into their holes!"—Stinson should be proud of his nomination over Miles.

Then the Convention showed its magnanimity

by taking up Mitchell, whom they had slaughtered for the office of his choice, and gave him the tail of the ticket—the last place on the Supreme bench! It was a cutting, sarcastic stroke, which will serve as a lesson to all who may contemplate placing themselves in the lands of the Border Ruffian Democracy.

After the nominations were over, a resolution

was introduced endorsing the Cincinnati platform "as expounded by Douglas," which was greeted with jeers, and cries of "vote it down," "down with it," and it was summarily kicked out, and the mover came near sharing the same fate. After passing some complimentary resolutions concerning themselves, the Convention adjourned sine die.

Of the ticket and the Convention we shall

take occasion to speak more in detail hereafter. Suffice it now to say that the nominations are an endorsement of Mr. Buchanan, unequivocally, and a triumph of the old Border Ruffian party, who now, as heretofore, are the controlling element of the Democratic party of Kansas. The ticket is emphatically a weak one! It will be badly beaten in December next. No power on earth can save it from utter annihilation. We invite a comparison of the two State tickets now before the people, and are willing to trust the matter in their hands without a word.

Republican Victories!

Ohio goes Republican by a sweeping majority—not less than 17,000. Pennsylvania votes up over 10,000, and Minnesota and Iowa from 4000 to 5000 each. Indiana, in her local elections, has gone almost unanimously Republican.

LOCAL.

Wood, and all kinds of farm produce, will be taken on subscription to THE EMPORIA NEWS.

Hallberg has sent to Kansas City for a stock of groceries, which will arrive in a few days.

Mr. Procter returned from Leavenworth on Thursday. He has seven tons of goods on the way, and more to be shipped.

Mr. T. C. Hill has taken charge of the Americus Hotel. The house is commodious and well finished, and Mr. Hill is a good man to keep it.

P. C. Schuyler, Esq., Democratic nominee for Councilman in this District, is announced to speak at Emporia on next Thursday evening.

Two excellent farms, situated upon the Cottonwood three miles from Emporia, are offered for sale through THE NEWS, this week. Mr. J. Stotler, of Emporia, will furnish any information desired.

We are requested by several of our friends to give notice that a meeting will be held on next Monday evening, at Templars' Hall, to organize a singing school. Both ladies and gentlemen are invited.

FARM AND VILLAGE LOTS FOR SALE.—E. P. Bancroft, Real Estate Agent, advertises this week some of the choicest farming lands in this region of country, together with a large number of valuable lots in Emporia. Now is the time to buy.

To VOTERS.—This is the "last day of grace" for those who are legally entitled to a vote at the November election and have not had their name placed on the Registry, to have it entered. D. A. Painter, at the store of A. G. Procter & Co., will attend to it, upon application.

The Johnson House, Lawrence, has changed hands, and is now kept by Dudley & Morse, formerly from Topeka. Under the supervision of these gentlemen, the Johnson House has added to its reputation as a first-class hotel, and is receiving a large proportion of the public patronage.

A LONG ROAD TO MILL.—A man came to Messrs. Britton & Priest's mill one day last week with a load of wheat and corn to be ground, from the Smoky Hill river, over one hundred miles from here. We are not certain whether he is the most distant customer the mill has, but know that others have come from that vicinity before.

Wednesday morning last the wind blew furiously from the north—the hardest we have known it for months; yet through the dense clouds of dust that swept over the roads leading to the Cottonwood there appeared, at the usual time, a brave troop of boys and girls—keeping good the rule: "Never to be late at school."

Prof. Campbell, Agent of the American Bible Society, now canvassing the Territory for the purpose of forming Bible Societies and employing means for the distribution of the Scriptures, will visit Americus on Dec. 14th, Fremont on the 16th, Emporia on the 18th, and Cottonwood Falls on the 21st, speaking at each place.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.—John Kissel, a German doctor who has been living for some time on the Cottonwood, some fifteen miles above Emporia, put a terminus to his life last week in rather a singular manner. He had been doctoring a neighbor with a sore foot, for which he prepared a bottle of powerful compounds to be applied. One evening after he had called, the bottle was missed, and the next morning the Doctor was found lying on a pile of hay near the house, with the bottle empty beside him. He died the following morning, which was last Sunday. He had been meditating self destruction for some time.

BUFFALO HUNTING.—"All the world," or the inhabitants of this portion of it, seem bent upon a chase after the buffaloes this fall. Our citizens are not alone in this desire. Parties are coming through here from the States nearly every day, bound for the great buffalo range to the south of us. We received a call this week from a party of four—Mr. Mill Haines and three brothers named Babb—all the way from Clinton county, Ohio, for this one purpose. The buffaloes are said to be crowding in upon the settlements closer than usual this fall.

CABINET WARE MANUFACTORY IN EMPORIA.—We are happy to know that arrangements are being made by two of our citizens, Messrs. Randall & Jones, to put in operation immediately a manufactory of this kind in our place sufficiently extensive to supply the whole Upper Neosho country with chairs, bedsteads, tables, bureaus, etc. They have rented steam power of Messrs. Britton & Priest, proprietors of the Emporia Mill, and are having a turning-lathe and other machinery manufactured by the Kimball brothers, at Lawrence. Such an establishment has been a necessity for this part of the country a long time.

FIRES—"Our city" was visited, on Wednesday night, by one of the grandest prairie fires we ever beheld—completely sweeping over one-quarter of the town. The fire started about two miles up the Neosho, and was driven by a strong north-west wind to the Commercial-street road, when the wind shifted to the north and swept it broadside over roofs, across streets and among houses nearly to Sixth Avenue—the centre of town. No serious damage was done, however, except the burning of a hay-stack owned by Charley Hasler, though several houses were in serious danger for a time. Our citizens all turned out, and fought the fire manfully.

On the forenoon of the same day, a fire started on the divide north of the Neosho, and the wind blowing a strong gale soon drove it into the timber, where considerable damage was done. Mr. Rinker estimates the injury to his trees at \$200, and he is not the only sufferer.

Our town was approached by another fire from the prairie on Thursday forenoon, which called all hands out—this time coming from the northeast, and originating this side of the Neosho. The well-travelled roads running diagonally across its track were crossed without hindrance, and it was with the utmost effort that several stables and stacks were saved. The fire continued east, and burned a stack of hay for Dr. Newlon, and some fence on Mr. Oakfield's farm.

About a week since, a large body of prairie west of us burned, destroying a number of cabins and considerable hay.

Persons should be careful in setting prairie fires at this season. Nowhere are they safe or beyond the fear of control.

JOB PRINTING.

The office of THE EMPORIA NEWS is furnished with a complete assortment of the newest styles of Type, Borders, Flourishes, Cuts, Cards, Fancy Papers, Colored Inks, Bronze, &c., enabling the proprietor to print CIRCULARS, CARDS, CERTIFICATES or STOCK, DEEDS, POETRY, and all other kinds of JOB PRINTING, in a manner unsurpassed in the Territory. Particular attention paid to printing all kinds of Blanks. Orders for work promptly attended to when accompanied with Cash. "Excelsior" is our motto.

Blank Warranty and Mortgage Deeds, Bonds, Executions, Summons, Subpoenas, Attachments, Recognizances, etc., constantly on hand.

Breckenridge County Republican Mass Convention.

Whereas there seems to be a general dissatisfaction with the nominations made at Americus on the 11th instant—a portion of said nominees being Democrats—the undersigned, would recommend that a Mass Republican Convention be held at Fremont on Monday, the 31st of October, inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., to nominate a new ticket.

J. M. Miller, James Jackson, P. B. Maxson, R. H. Abraham, W. B. Davis, P. B. Plumb, O. D. Humphrey, B. F. Maxson, J. Stotler, Joel Haworth, Aaron Miller, M. Campbell, J. D. Walker, F. G. Hildman, A. D. Randall, and one hundred others.

Odd Fellows.

Emporia Lodge, No. 10, T. O. O. F., meets regularly every Wednesday evening, at 7 o'clock in Moonie Hall. Members of the Order in good standing are cordially invited to visit the Lodge.

JOSEPH RICKABAUGH, N. G.

C. C. HAMLER, Sec'y.

Masonic.

Regular Communications of Emporia Lodge, No. 12, A. F. and A. M. are held on the Thursday evening of, or preceding the full moon in each month.

L. D. BAILEY, W. M.

C. V. ENKBRIDGE, Sec'y.

Prices Current.

Emporia Market.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

FLOUR—Extra-Superfine, \$4 35 per cwt.

BEANS—\$2 75

POTATOES—50 "

APPLES—Dried, \$3 00 per bushel.

PEACHES—Dried, \$4 00 per bushel.

CRACKERS—15¢ per 20 cts per lb.

BUTTER—16 "

EGGS—12 1/2 "

CHEESE—20 "

SUGAR—Brown, 12 1/2 cts per lb.

" White, 15 "

RICE—\$2 10

TEAS—\$2 10

COFFEES—18 1/2 "

CORN—15 "

WHITE FISH—15 "

MACKEREL—No. 1, 15 "

MOLASSES—per gallon, 75 cts.

STARCH—12 1/2 "

BURNING FLUID—1 00 per gallon.

OIL—Lard, 1 40 "

VINEGAR—30 "

BEER—4¢ per 10 cts per lb.

TALLOW—11 "

LARD—15 "

BACON—14 "

PICKLED PORK—14 "

TOBACCO—30¢@75 "

SALT—per sack of 200 lbs, \$4 50

Dairy, 30¢@40 cts per sack.

CANDLES—Tallow, 30 cts per lb.

Spermin, 30 "

SOAP—10¢@12 1/2 cts.

NAILS—6 1/2¢ "

POWDER—Blasting, 40¢.

" Rifle, 50 "

WHITE LEAD—per keg, 25 lbs, 3 00.